### Vocabulary Learning Technique

The word root method is a vocabulary learning technique that focuses on understanding the roots, prefixes, and suffixes of words to deduce their meanings. It involves breaking down unfamiliar words into their constituent parts and using knowledge of these elements to guess or infer the meaning of the word as a whole. This approach is particularly useful for learning and deciphering complex or unfamiliar words in various languages, as many words share common roots and affixes that provide clues to their meanings. By recognizing and understanding these linguistic building blocks, learners can expand their vocabulary and improve their comprehension of a wide range of words.

#### WORD ROOT METHOD

Knowing the meanings of common word roots can be helpful in two ways. First of all, knowing the meaning of word roots can help you guess at the meanings of unfamiliar words you encounter on the GAT. Our Root List can boost your knowledge of GAT – level words, and that can help you get more questions right. No one can predict exactly which word will show up on your test, but there are certain words that the test –makers favor. The Root List gives you the component parts of many typical GAT words. Knowing these words can help you because you may run across them on your GAT.

Roots can often help you decode an unknown GAT word. If you recognize a familiar root, you could get a good grasp of the word to answer the question.

Second, when you're learning new vocabulary, it's more effective to study words in groups rather than one by one. Learning groups of words that are related by a common root will help you to learn more words faster. Once you've looked over the top GAT words and the chapters on word roots and word groups, you can hone your skills using our exercises in verbal section.

#### Alert

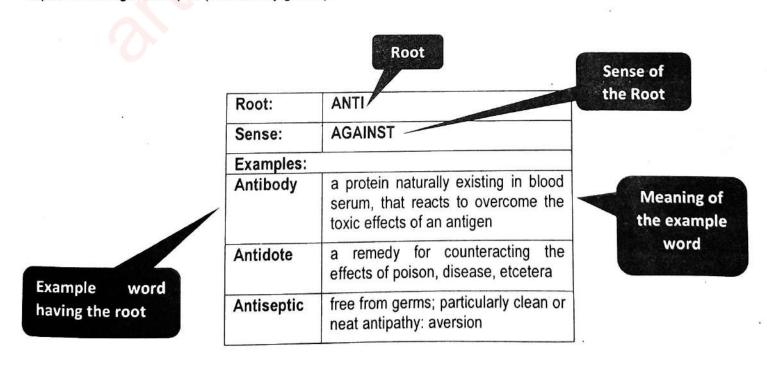
Instead of learning one word at a time, you can learn a whole group of words that contain a certain root. They'll be related in meaning, so if you remember one, it will be easier for you to remember others.

#### **GAT Root List**

Here is a key to understand how various sets of root you can interpret.

Root: A part of a word consisting of one or more characters (alphabet) that gives a particular sense of meaning is the root of the word.

**Sense:** The idea that a root can give is the sense of the root. For example: the root "ANTI" means 'AGAINST", whenever you find a word having "ANTI" in the start you can think something is opposite to the rest of the word. Anti-body means something against the body (some particle), anti-dote means something against dote (poison), and anti-septic means against septic (affected by germs).



#### **Most Common Roots**

Following is a list consisting of sets of most common roots and relevant words. I have divided it in groups of almost equal weights. It makes you comfortable to memorize one by one.



Root:	Α
Sense:	WITHOUT
Examples:	
Amoral:	neither moral nor immoral.
Agnostic:	one who questions the existent of god
Anomaly:	an irregularity
Apathy:	lack of interest of emotion
Atheist:	one who does not believe in god
Atrophy:	the wasting away of body tissue
Atypical:	not typical

Root:	AB, ABS
Sense:	OFF, AWAY FROM, APART, DOWN
Examples:	
Abduct:	to take by force
Abdicate:	to renounce or relinquish a throne
Abhor:	to hate, detest
Abnormal:	deviating from a standard
Abolish:	to do away with, make void
Abstinence:	forbearance from any indulgence of appetite
Abstract:	conceived apart from concrete realties, specific objects, or actual instances

Abstruse:	hard to understand; secret, hidden

Root:	AC, ACR
Sense:	SHARP, BITTER
Examples:	
Acid:	something that is sharp, sour, or ill natured
Acerbic:	sour or astringent in taste; harsh in temper
Acrid:	sharp or biting to the taste or smell
Acrimonious:	caustic, stinging, or bitter in nature
Acumen:	keenness and quickness in understanding and dealing with a situation; shrewdness
Acute:	sharp at the end; ending a point
Exacerbate:	to increase battiness or violence, aggravate

Root:	ACT, AG	
Sense:	TO DRIVE; TO FORCE; TO LEAD	
Examples:		
Agile:	quick and well coordinated in movement; active, lively	
Action:	the doing of something; state of being in motion or of working ,	
Agitate:	to move violently , to stir up or shake up	
Litigate:	to make the subject a lawsuit	
Pedagogue:	a teacher	
Prodigal:	wastefully or recklessly extravagant	
React:	to act in return or reciprocally	
Synagogue:	a gathering or congregation of Jews for the purpose of religious worship	

Root:	AGR
Sense:	FIELD
Examples:	
Agronomy:	the science and economics of crop production; management of farm land
Agriculture:	the science and art of farming; work of cultivating the soil, producing crops, and raising livestock

Root:	AGOG
Sense:	LEADER
Examples:	
Pedagogue:	a teacher; often, specific., a pedantic, dogmatic teacher
Demagogic:	of, like, or characteristic of a demagogue or demagogy also

Root:	AD, AL
Sense:	TOWARD, NEAR
Examples:	
Adapt:	adjust or modify fittingly
Addict:	to give oneself over, as to a habit or pursuit
Address:	to direct a speech or written statement to
Adhere:	to stick fast; cleave , cling
Adjacent:	near, close, or contiguous; adjoining
Adjoin:	to be close or in contain with
Admire:	to regard with wonder, pleasure, and approval
Advocate:	to plead in favor of

Root:	APT, EPT
	Marie Control of Contr

Sense:	FIT
Examples:	
Apt	suited to its purpose; appropriate; fitting
Adapt	to make fit or suitable by changing or adjusting
Ineptitude	the quality or condition of being inept

Root:	AL, ALI, AFTER
Sense:	OTHER, ANOTHER
Examples:	
Alternative:	a possible choice
Alias	to transfer the ownership of (property) to another
Alias:	an assumed name; another name
Alibi:	the defense by an accused person that he was verifiably elsewhere at the time of the crime with which he is charged
Alien:	one born in another country; a foreigner
Alienate	to transfer the ownership of (property) to another
Allegory:	figurative treatment of one subject under the guise of another
Alter ego:	the second self; a substitute or deputy
Altitude	height; esp., the height of a thing above the earth's surface or above sea level
Altruist:	a person unselfishly concerned for the welfare of others
Contralto	the range of a low female voice between mezzo-soprano and tenor usually from about the first F below middle C to the second F above; alto
Inalienable	that may not be taken away or transferred



Root:	AM	
Sense:	LOVE	
Examples:		
Amateur:	a person who engages in an activity for pleasure rather than financial or professional gain	
Amatory:	of or pertaining to lovers or lovemaking	
Amenity:	agreeable ways of manners	
Amiable:	having or showing agreeable personal qualities	
Amicable:	characterized by exhibiting good will	
Amity:	friendship; peaceful harmony	
Amorous	full of love or fond of making love	
Enamored:	inflamed with love; charmed; captivated	
Inamorata:	a female lover	
Root:	AMP	
Sense:	TO GO; TO WALK	
Examples:		
Ambassador:	an authorized messenger or representative	
Ambient:	moving freely; circulating	
Ambitious:	desirous of achieving or obtaining power	
Ambulance:	a wheeled vehicle equipped for carrying sick people, usually to a hospital	
Ambulatory:	of , pertaining to, or capable of walking	

Ambush:	the act of lying concealed so as to attack by surprise
Perambulator:	one who makes a tour of inspection on foot
Preamble:	an introductory statement
Root:	ARM
Sense:	ARM, WEAPON
Examples:	
Army	a large, organized body or soldiers for waging war, esp. or land
Armature	any part or structure of ar organism useful for defense o offense, as claws, teeth, burs thorns, etc.
Disarm	to take away weapons of armaments from

Root:	ANTHERO, ANDR
Sense:	MAN, HUMAN
Examples:	
Androgen:	any substance that promotes masculine characteristics.
Androgynous:	being both male and female
Android:	robot; mechanical man
Anthropocentric:	regarding man as the central fact of the universe
Anthropoid	resembling a human
Anthropology:	the science that deals with the origins of mankind
Misanthrope:	one who hates humans or mankind
Misanthropy	hatred or distrust of all people
Philanderer:	one who carries on flirtations

Root:	ART
Sense:	SKILL, A FITTING TOGETHER

Examples:	
Artisan	a worker in a skilled trade;
Articulate	having parts connected by joints; jointed: usually
Artifact	any object made by human work; esp., a simple or primitive tool, weapon, vessel, etc.

Root:	AMBI, AMPH
Sense:	BOTH, MORE THAN ONE, AROUND
Examples:	
Ambiguous:	open to various interpretations
Amphibian:	any cold – blooded vertebrate, which is capable of living both in water and on land; a person or thing having a twofold nature
Ambidextrous:	able to use both hands equally well

Root:	ANIM
Sense:	OF THE LIFE, MIND, SOUL, SPIRIT
Examples:	
Unanimous:	in complete accord
Animate:	to give life to; bring to life
Animism:	the doctrine that all life is produced by a spiritual force separate from matter
Animosity	feeling of strong dislike or hatred; ill will; hostility
Animus:	hostile feeling or attitude
Equanimity:	mental or emotional stability, especially under tension
Magnanimous:	generous in forgiving an insult or injury
Root:	ANNUI, ENNI

Sense:	YEAR
Examples:	
Annual:	of, for, or pertaining to a year; yearly
Anniversary:	the yearly renounce of the date of a past event
Annuity:	a specified income payable at stated intervals
Perennial:	lasting; for an indefinite amount of time
Annals:	a record or events, esp. a yearly record.
Superannuated:	too old or worn for further work, service, etc., retired, esp. with a pension, because of old age or infirmity
Biennial:	happening every two years

Root:	AQU
Sense:	WATER
Examples:	
Aquamarine:	a transparent, pale bluish-green variety of beryl, used in jewelry
Aquatic:	growing or living in or upon water

Root:	AUD, AUDIT, AUR
Sense:	HEAR
Examples:	
Auditorium	Auditorium
Audition	the act or sense of hearing
Auricle	the external part of the ear; an atrium of the heart

Root:	ANITE
Sense:	BEFORE
Examples:	1 (P. 1) 1 (P. 1) 1 (P. 1)

Antebellum:	before the war (especially the American Civil War)
Antecedent:	existing, being, or going before
Antedate:	precede in time
Antediluvian:	belonging to the period before the biblical flood; very old or old – fashioned
Anterior:	placed before

Root:	ANTI	
Sense:	AGAINST	
Examples:	The second section of the sect	
Antibody:	a protein naturally existing in blood serum, that reacts to overcome the toxic effects of an antigen	
Antidote:	a remedy for counteracting the effects of poison, disease, etcetera	
Antipodal:	on the opposite side of the globe	
Antiseptic:	free from germs; particularly clean or neat antipathy: aversion	



Root:	APO
Sense:	AWAY
Examples:	
apology:	an expression of one's regret of sorrow for having wronged another
apostle:	one of the 12 disciples sent forth by Jesus to preach the gospel
apocalypse:	revelation; discovery; disclose
apogee:	the highest or most distant point

apocryphal:	of doubtful authorship or authenticity
apostasy:	a total desertion of one's religion, principles, party, cause, etcetera

Root:	ARCH, ARCHI, ARCHY
Sense:	CHIEF, PRINCIPAL, RULER
Examples:	
Anarchy:	a state or society without government or law
Archenemy:	chief enemy
Architect:	the devisor, make, or planner of anything
Monarchy:	a government in which the supreme power is lodged in a sovereign
Oligarchy:	a state or society ruled by a select group

Root:	AUTO
Sense:	SELF
Examples:	
Autocrat:	an absolute ruler
Automatic:	self - moving or self - acting
Autonomy:	independence or freedom

Root:	BE
Sense:	TO BE; TO HAVE A PARTICULAR QUALITY; TO EXIST
Examples:	
Belie:	to misrepresent; to contradict
Belittle:	to regard something as less impressive than it apparently is
Bemoan:	to express pity for
Bewilder:	to confuse or puzzle completely
Root:	BEL, BEL
Sense:	WAR

Examples:	
Antebellum:	before the war
Belligerent:	warlike, given to waging war
Rebel:	a person who resists authority, control, or tradition

Root:	BEN, BON
Sense:	GOOD, WELL
Examples:	
Benediction:	act of uttering a blessing
Benefit:	any advantage to a person or thing
Benefit:	[Archaic] a kindly, charitable act; benefaction
Benevolent:	doing or inclined to do good; kindly; charitable
Benevolent:	desiring to do good to others
Benign:	having a kindly disposition
Bona fide:	in good faith; without fraud
Bonus:	something given over and above what is due

Root:	BELL
Sense:	WAR
Examples:	
Antebellum	before the war; specific., before the American Civil War
Belligerent	at war; designating or of a state recognized under international law as being engaged in a war

Root:	BI
Sense:	TWICE, DOUBLE
Examples:	
Biennial:	happening every two years
Bilateral:	pertaining to or affecting two or both sides

	Bilingual:	able to speak one's native language and another with equal facility
-	Binoculars:	involving two eyes
	Bipartisan:	representing two parties

Root:	CAD, CID
Sense:	TO FALL; TO HAPPEN BY CHANCE
Examples:	
Accident:	happening by chance; unexpected
Accident:	a happening that is not expected, foreseen, or intended
Cadence:	fall of the voice in speaking
Cascade:	a waterfall descending over a steep surface
Casualty:	an accident, esp. a fatal one
Coincidence:	a striking occurrence of two or more events at one time, apparently by chance
Decadent:	decaying ; deteriorating
Occasion:	a favorable time or juncture; opportunity
Recidivist:	one who repeatedly relapses, as into crime

Root:	CANT, CENT, CHANT
Sense:	TO SING
Examples:	
Accent:	prominence of a syllable in terms of pronunciation
Cantor:	Ger. mathematician, born in Russia
Chant:	a song; singing
Enchant:	to cast a spell over, as by magic; bewitch
Enchant:	to subject to magical influence bewitch

Incantation:	the chanting of words purporting to have magical power	
Incentive:	that which incites action	
Recant	to withdraw or renounce (beliefs or statements formerly held), esp. in a formal or public manner	
Recant:	to withdraw or disavow a statement	

Root: CAP, CIP, CEPT		
Sense:	TO TAKE; TO GET	
Examples:		
Accept	to take (what is offered or given) receive, esp. willingly	
Capable	having ability; able to do things well; skilled; competent	
Capital:	the city or town that is the official seat of government	
Capitulate:	to surrender unconditionally or on stipulated terms	
Caption:	a heading or title	
Captive	a person caught and held prisoner, as in war	
Disciple:	one who is a pupil of the doctrines of another	
Incipient	in the first stage of existence; just beginning to exist or to come to notice	
Precipice:	a cliff with a vertical face	
Precipitate:	to hasten the occurrence of to bring about prematurely	

Root:	CARD , CORD, COUR
Sense:	HEART
Examples:	
Cardiac:	pertaining to the heart
Concord:	agreement, peace, amity

Concordance:	agreement, concord, harmony	
Discord:	lack of harmony between persons or things	
Encourage:	to inspire with spirit or confidence	



Root:	CAST, CHAST
Sense:	CUT
Examples:	
Cast :	to throw or hurl; fling
Caste:	a hereditary social group, limited to people of the same rank
Chaste:	free from obscenity; descent
Chastise:	to discipline, esp, by corporal punishment

Root:	CED, CEED, CESS		
Sense:	TO GO; TO YIELD; TO STOP		
Examples:			
Antecedent:	existing being or group before		
Cessation:	a temporary or complete discontinuance		
Concede:	to acknowledge as true, just, or proper; admit		
Incessant:	without stop		
Predecessor:	one who comes before another in an office, position, etcetera		

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Sense:	CENTER	
Examples:		
Centrifuge:	an apparatus that rotates at high speed that separates substances of different densities using centrifugal force	
Centrist:	of or pertaining to moderate political or social ideas	
Concentrate:	to bring to a common center; to coverage, to direct toward one point	
Concentric:	having a common center, as in circles or spheres	
Eccentric:	off center	

Root:	CREN, CERT, CRET, CRIM, CRIT	
Sense:	TO SEPARATE; TO JUDGE; TO DISTINGUISH; TO DECIDE	
Examples:		
Ascertain:	to make sure of : to determine	
Certitude:	freedom from doubt	
Criterion:	a standard of judgment or criticism	
Discreet:	judicious in one's conduct of speech, esp. with regard to marinating silence about something of a delicate nature	
Discrete:	detached from others, separate	
Hypocrite:	a person who pretends to have beliefs that she does not	

Root:	COSM		
Sense:	ORDER, WORLD		
Examples:			
Cosmetic	beautifying or designed to beautify the complexion, hair, etc		
Cosmopolitan	common to or representative of all or many parts of the world; not national or local		
Cosmos	the universe considered as a		

harmonious	and	orderly	system
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Root:	CHRON	
Sense:	TIME	
Examples:		
Anachronism:	an obsolete or archaic form	
Chronic:	constant, habitual	
Chronology:	the sequential order in which past events occurred	
Chronometer:	a time piece with a mechanism to adjust for accuracy	
Synchronize:	to occur at the same time or agree in time	

Root:	CIRCU		
Sense:	AROUND, ON ALL SIDES		
Examples:			
Circuit:	the act of going or moving around		
Circuitous:	roundabout: indirect		
Circumambulate:	to walk about or around		
Circumference:	the outer boundary of a circular area		
Circumstances:	the existing conditions or state of affairs surrounding and affecting an agent		

Root:	CAND		
Sense:	WHITE, SHINING		
Examples:			
Candid:	free from prejudice or bias; fair; just; impartial		
Candle:	a cylindrical mass of tallow or wax with a wick through its center, which gives light when burned		
Incandescent:	glowing with intense heat; red-hot		

or, esp	white-hot	

Root:	CENT		
Sense:	HUNDRED		
Examples:			
Cent:	one hundredth part of a dollar		
Centimeter	a metric unit of measure, equal to one hundredth of a meter (.394 inch):		
Century	hundred years		
Percentage	a given part or amount in every hundred		

Root:	CERN, CERT	
Sense:	PERCEIVE, MAKE CERTAIN	
Examples:	July 1987	
Certain	fixed, settled, or determined	
Certificate	a written or printed statement by which a fact is formally or officially certified or attested	
Concern	to have a relation to or bearing on; deal with	

Root:	DEC	
Sense:	TEN	- }
Examples:		
Decade	a group of ten	
Decimal	of or based on the number 10 progressing by tens	);
Root:	CIS	8
Sense:	TO CUT	
Examples:		
Exercise:	to seek to expel an evil spirit by ceremony	y

Genocide	the systematic killing of, or a program of action intended to destroy, a whole national or ethnic group		
Incision	the act or result of incising; cut; gash		
Incisive:	penetrating, cutting		
Precise:	definitely stated or defined		
Scissors:	cutting instrument for paper		

Root:	CLA, CLO, CLU		
Sense:	SHUT, CLOSE		
Examples:			
Claimant	a person who makes a claim		
Clamor:	a loud uproar		
Clamorous	loud and confused; noisy		
Disclaim:	to deny interest in or connection with		
Exclaim:	to cry out or speak suddenly and vehemently		
Proclaim	to announce officially; announce to be		
Proclaim:	to announce or declare in official way		
Reclaim:	to claim or demand the return of a right or possession		



Root:	CHROM	
Sense:	COLOR	
Examples:		
Chromatic:	of color or having color or colors	
Color:	the sensation resulting from stimulation of the retina of the eye by light waves of certain lengths	

Monochrome:	a painting,	drav	wing,	design,	or
	photograph	in	one	color	or
	shades of one color				

Root:	CO, COL, COM, CON			
Sense:	WITH, TOGETHER			
Examples:				
Coerce:	to compel by force, intimidation, or authority			
Collaborate:	to work with another: cooperate			
Collide:	to strike one another with a forceful impact			
Commensur	ate: suitable in measure, proportionate			
Compatible:	capable of existing together in harmony			
Conciliate:	to placate, win over			
Connect:	to bind or fasten together			
Root:	COUR, CUR			
Sense:	RUNNING; A COURSE			
Examples:				
Concur:	to accord in opinion; agree			
Courier:	a messenger traveling in haste who bears news			
Curriculum:	the regular course of study			
Cursive:	handwriting in flowing strokes with the letters joined together			
Cursory:	going rapidly over something; hasty; superficial			
Excursion:	a short journey or trip			
Incursion:	a hostile entrance into a place, esp. suddenly			
Recur:	to happen again			

Root:	CLI
Sense:	TO LEAN TOWARD

Examples:		
Climax:	the most intense point in the development of something	
Decline:	to cause to slope or incline download	
Disinclination:	aversion, distaste	
Proclivity:	Inclination, bias.	
Recline:	to lean back	

Root:	CRE,CRESC,CRET	
Sense:	TO GROW	
Examples:		
Accretion:	an increase by natural growth	
Accrue:	to be added as a matter of periodic gain	
Creation:	the act of producing or causing to exist	
Increase:	to make greater in any respect	
Increment:	something added or gained; an addition or increase	

Root:	DIE, DIET	
Sense:	SAY, SPEAK	
Examples:		
Dictation	the dictating of words for another to write down	
Edict	an official public proclamation or order issued by authority; decree	
Indicative	giving an indication, suggestion, or intimation; showing; signifying	

Root:	CRED	
Sense:	TO BELIEVE; TO TRUST	
Examples:		
Credentials:	anything , that provides the basis of belief	

Credit:	trustworthiness	
Credo:	any formula of belief	
Credulity:	willingness to believe or trust to readily	
Incredible:	unbelievable	

Root:	CRYP	
Sense:	HIDDEN	
Examples:		
Apocryphal:	of doubtful authorship or authenticity	
Crypt:	a subterranean chamber of vault	
Cryptography:	procedures of making and using secret willing	
Cryptology:	the science of interpreting secret writings codes, ciphers, and the like	

Root:	CUB, CUMB	
Sense:	TO LIE DOWN	
Examples:	Part Control	
Cubicle:	any small space or compartment that is partitioned off	
Incubate:	to sit upon for the purpose of hatching	
Incumbent:	holding an indicated position	
Recumbent:	lying down; reclining, leaning	
Succumb:	to give away to superior force; yield	

Root:	CULP	
Sense:	BLAME	
Examples:		
Culprit:	a person guilty for offense	
Culpable:	deserving blame or censure	
Inculpate:	to charge with fault	

Mea culpa:	through my fault; my fault

Root:	DAC, DOC	
Sense:	TO TEACH	
Examples:		
Didactic:	intended for instruction	
Docile	[Now Rare] easy to teach; teachable	
Docile:	easily managed or handled; tractable	
Doctor	orig., a teacher or learned man	
Doctor:	someone licensed to practice medicine; a learned person	
Doctrine:	a particular principle advocated, as of a government or religion	
Indoctrinate	to instruct in, or imbue with, doctrines, theories, or beliefs, as of a sect	
Indoctrinate:	to imbue a person with learning	

Root:	. DE	
Sense:	AWAY, OFF, DOWN, COMPLETELY, REVERSAL	
Examples:		
Decipher:	to make out the meaning; to interpret	
Defame:	to attack the good name or reputation of	
Deferential:	respectful; to yield to judgment	
Defile:	to make foul, dirty, or unclean	
Delineate:	to trace the outline of; sketch or trace in outline	
Descend:	to move from a higher to a lower place	

Root:	DEM	
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Sense:	PEOPLE	
Examples:		
Demagogue	orig., a leader of the common people	
Democracy:	government by the people	
Demographics:	vital and social statistic of populations	
Endemic:	peculiar to a particular people or locality pandemic: genera, universal	
Epidemic:	affecting at the same time a large number of people, and spreading from person to person	



Root:	DI, DIA	
Sense:	APART, THROUGH	
Examples:		
Diagnose:	to determine the identity of something from the symptoms	
Dialogue:	conversation between two or more persons	
Diary	a daily written record, esp. of the writer's own experiences, thoughts, etc.	
Dilate:	to make wider or larger	

Root:	DIC, DICIT, DIT
Sense:	TO SAY; TO TELL; TO USE WORDS
Examples:	10.00
Dictionary:	a book containing a selection of the words of a language

Interdict:	to forbid; prohibit	
Predict:	to tell in advance	
Verdict:	judgment: decree	

Root:	DING	
Sense:	WORTH	
Examples:		
Condign:	well deserved; fitting; adequate	
Deign:	to think fit or in accordance with one's dignity	
Dignitary:	a person who holds a high rank or office	
Dignity:	nobility or elevation of character; worthiness	
Disdain:	to look upon or treat with contempt	

Root:	dorm
Sense:	SLEEP
Examples:	
Dormant	sleeping
Dormitory	a room, building, or part of a building with sleeping accommodations for a number of people

Root:	DIS, DIF	
Sense:	AWAY FROM APART, REVERSAL, NOT	
Examples:		
Diffuse:	to pour out and spread, as in a fluid	
Disperse:	to drive or send off in various directions	
Disseminate:	to scatter or spread widely; promulgate	
Dissipate:	to scatter wastefully	
Dissuade:	to deter by advice or persuasion	

Root:	DOG, DOX
Sense:	OPINION
Examples:	
Dogma:	a system of tenets, as of a church
Orthodox:	sound or correct in opinion or doctrine
Paradox:	an opinion or statement contrary to accepted opinion

Root:	SUFFER, PAIN	
Sense:		
Examples:		
Condolence:	expression of sympathy with one who is suffering	
Doleful:	sorrowful, mournful	
Dolorous:	full of pain or sorrow, grievous	
Indolence:	a state of being lazy or slothful	

Root:	DON, DOT, DOW	
Sense:	TO GIVE	
Examples:		
Antidote:	something that prevents	
Donate:	to present as a gift or contribution	
Pardon:	kind indulgence, forgiveness	

Root:	DOMIN RULE	
Sense:		
Examples:		
Domineer	to rule (over) in a harsh or arrogant way; tyrannize; bully	
Dominion	rule or power to rule; sovereign authority	
Predominate	to have authority, or influence (over others)	

Root:	DUB	
Sense:	DOUBT	
Examples:		
Dubiety:	doubtfulness	
Dubious:	doubtful	
Indubitable	unquestionable	
Christian Committee Commit		

Root:	DUC, DUCT	
Sense:	TO LEAD	
Examples:		
Abduct:	to carry off or lead away	
Conduct:	personal behavior, way of acting	
Conductive:	contributive, helpful	
Induce:	to lead or move by influence	
Induct:	to install in a position with formal ceremonies	
Produce:	to bring into existence; give cause to	

Root:	DUR	
Sense:	HARD, RESIST	
Examples:		
Dour:	sullen, gloomy	
Durable:	able to resist decay	
Duress:	compulsion by threat, coercion	
Endure:	to hold out against; to sustain without yielding	

E, EF, EX	
OUT, OUT OF, FROM, FORMER COMPLETELY	
to rub or wipe out; surpass, eclipse	
to escape from ,avoid	

Error:	course in conduct				
	a	deviation	from	accuracy	or



Root:	EU	
Sense:	GOOD, WELL	
Examples:		
Eulogy:	speech or writing in praise or commendation	
Euphemism:	pleasant – sounding term of something unpleasant	
Euphony:	pleasantness of sound	
Euthanasia:	killing person painlessly, usually , one who has an incurable, painful disease	

Root:	EXTRA	
Sense:	OUTSIDE, BEYOND	
Examples:		
Extraordinary:	beyond the ordinary	
Extrapolate:	to estimate (unknown facts or values) from known data	
Extrasensory:	derived by means other than known	
Root:	ERG, URG	
Sense:	WORK, POWER	
Examples:	HE CANADA CONTRACTOR	
Demiurge	sometimes considered the creator of evil	
Energetic	of having, or showing energy;	

Exclude:	to shut out; to leave out	
Exonerate:	to free or declare free from blame	
Expire:	to come to an end, cease to be valid	
Extricate:	to disentangle, release	
Root:	EPI	
Sense:	UPON	
Examples:		
Epidemic:	affecting at the same time a large number of people, and spreading from person to person	
Epidermis:	the outer layout of the skin	
Epigram:	a witty or pointed saying tersely expressed	
Epilogue:	a concluding part added to a literary work	
Epithet:	a word or phrase, used invectively as a term of abuse	

Root:	EQU	
Sense:	EQUAL, EVEN	
Examples:		
Adequate:	equal to the requirement or occasion	
Equation:	the act of making equal	
Equidistant:	equally distant	
Iniquity:	gross injustice; wickedness	

Root:	ERR		
Sense:	TO WANDER		
Examples:			
Aberrant	turning away from what is right, true, etc.		
Arrant:	downright, thorough, notorious		
Err:	to go astray in thought or belief, to be mistaken		
Erratic:	deviating from the proper or usual		

	vigorous; forceful
Metallurgy	the science of metals, esp. the science of separating metals from their ores and preparing them for use, by smelting, refining, etc.

Root:	FAB, FAM	
Sense:	SPEAK	
Examples:		
Affable:	friendly, courteous	
Defame:	attack good name of	
Fable:	fictional tale, esp, legendary	
Famous:	well known, celebrated	
Ineffable:	too great for description in words, that which must not be uttered	

Root:	FAC, FIC, FIG, FAIT, FEIT, FY		
Sense:	TO DO; TO MAKE		
Examples:	A Topic of the state of the sta		
Configuration:	manner of arrangement, shape		
Counterfeit:	imitation, forgery		
Deficient:	incomplete or insufficient		
Effigy:	sculpture or model of person		
Faction:	small dissenting group within larger one, esp in politics.		
Factory:	building for manufacture of goods		
Prolific:	producing many off spring or much output		
Ratify:	to confirm or accept by formal consent		

FER
TO BRING; TO CARRY; TO BEAR

Confer:	to grant, bestow
Conifer	any of a class (Pinatae) of cone- bearing, gymnospermous trees and shrubs, mostly evergreens, including the pine, spruce, fir, cedar, yew, and cypress
Fertility	the quality, state, or degree of being fertile; fecundity
Offer:	to present for acceptance, refusal, or consideration
Prefer	to put before someone else in rank, office, etc.; promote; advance
Proffer:	to offer
Proliferate:	to reproduce: produce rapidly
Refer	to assign or attribute (to) as cause or origin
Referendum:	to vote on political question open to the entire electorate

Root:	FERV
Sense:	TO BOIL: TO BUBBLE
Examples:	
Effervescent:	with the quality of giving off bubbles of gas
Fervid:	ardent, intense
Fervor:	passion, zeal

Root:	FID
Sense:	FAITH, TRUST
Examples:	
Affidavit:	written statement on oath
Confidant	a close, trusted friend, to whom one confides intimate matters or secrets
Confide:	to entrust with a secret
Infidelity	the fact or state of being an infidel
Perfidious	characterized by perfidy; treacherous

Root:	FLAG, FLAM
Sense:	TO BURN
Examples:	
Conflagration:	large destructive fire
Flagrant:	blatant, scandalous
Flambeau:	a lighted torch
Flammable:	easily set on fire

Root:	FLECT, FLEX
Sense:	To Bend
Examples:	
deflect:	to bend or turn aside from a purpose
flexible:	able to bend without breaking
inflect:	to change or vary a pitch of
reflect:	to throw back
genuflect:	to bend knee, esp. in worship

Root:	FLU, FLUX
Sense:	To Flow
Examples:	
fluid:	substance, esp, gas or liquid, capable of flowing freely
fluctuation:	something that varies, rising and falling
effluence:	flowing out of (light, electricity, etc)

Root:	FORE
Sense:	Before
Examples:	
foresight:	care or provision for future
foreshadow:	be warning or indication of (future event)
forestall:	to prevent by advance action
forthright:	straightforward, outspoken, decisive

Root:	fin
Sense:	END, LIMIT
Examples:	
CONFINE	a boundary or bounded region; border; limit
FINITE	having measurable or definable limits; not infinite

Root:	FORT
Sense:	STRENGTH
Examples:	
Effort	the using of energy to get something done; exertion of strength or mental power
Forte:	strong point; something a person does will
Fortify:	to provide with fortifications, strengthen
Fortissimo:	very loud
Fortitude	the strength to bear misfortune, pain, etc. calmly and patiently; firm courage



Root:	FAR, FRAC, FRAG, FRING
Sense:	TO BREAK
Examples:	
Fracture:	breakage, esp, of a bone
Fragment:	a part broken off
Infraction	a breaking of a law, pact, etc.; violation; infringement

Infringe:	to break or violate (law, etcetera)
Refractory:	stubborn, unmanageable, rebellious

Root:	FORT
Sense:	CHANCE
Examples:	
Fortuitous:	happening by luck
Fortunate:	lucky, auspicious
Fortune:	chance or luck in human affairs

Root:	FUS
Sense:	TO POUR
Examples:	
Fugitive	fleeing, apt to flee, or having fled, as from danger, justice, etc.
Fusillade:	continuous discharge of firearms or outburst of criticism
Profuse:	lavish, extravagant, copious
Refuge	shelter or protection from danger, difficulty, etc.
Suffuse:	to spread throughout or over from within

Root:	GEN
Sense:	BIRTH, CREATION, RACE, KIND
Examples:	
Carcinogenic:	producing, cancer
Congenital:	existing or so such from birth
Engender	orig., to beget
Gender:	classification roughly corresponding to the two sexes and sexiness
General	of, for, or from the whole or all; not particular or local

Generation  Generous: Genetics: Miscegenation: Progeny:		the act or process of producing offspring; procreation			
		giving or given freely study of heredity and variation among animals and plants interbreeding of races off spring or as such from birth			
			Progeny:	offspring, descendants	
			Root:	GN	, GNO
			Sense:	Know	
Examples:		*			
agnostic:	person who believes that existence of God is not provable				
ignore:	to refuse to take notice of				
ignoramus:	a person lacking knowledge, uninformed				
recognize:	to identify as already known				
incognito:	with one's name or identity concealed				
prognosis:	to forecast, especially of disease				
diagnose:	to make an identification of disease of fault from symptoms				

Root:	GRAD, GRESS	
Sense:	TO STEP	
Examples:		
Aggressive:	given to hostile act or feeling	
Degrade:	to humiliate, dishonor, reduce to lower rank	
Digress:	to depart from main subject	
Egress:	going out; way out	
Gradation	the act or process of forming or arranging in grades, stages, or steps	
Progress:	forward movement	
Regress	a going or coming back	
Regress:	to move backward, revert to an earlier	

state

Root:	GRAT	
Sense:	PLEASING	
Examples:		
Gracious:	kindly, esp to inferiors; merciful	
Grateful:	thankful	
Gratuity:	money given for good service	
Ingratiate:	to bring oneself into favor	

Root:	GEST	
Sense:	CARRY, BEAR	
Examples:		
Digest	a condensed but comprehensive account of a body of information; summary or synopsis, as of scientific, legal, or literary material	
Gestation	the act or period of carrying young in the uterus from conception to birth; pregnancy	
Ingest	to take (food, drugs, etc.) into the body, as by swallowing or absorbing	

Root:	GRAPH	
Sense:	WRITING	
Examples:		
Graphics	the art of making drawings, as in architecture or engineering, in accordance with mathematical rules	
Telegraph	orig., any signaling apparatus	

Root:	HER, HES	
Sense:	TO STICK	

Examples:		
Adherent:	able to adhere; believer or advocate of a particular thing	
Adhesive:	tending to remain in memory; sticky; an adhesive substance	
Coherent:	logically consistent; having waves in phase and of one wavelength	
Cohesive	sticking together; causing or characterized by cohesion	
Heredity:	the qualities genetically derived from one's ancestors and the transmission of those qualities	
Inherent:	involved in the constitution or essential character of something	

Root:	HETERO	
Sense:	DIFFERENT	
Examples:		
Heterodox:	different from acknowledged standard: holding unorthodox opinions or doctrines	
Heterogeneous:	of other region : not originating in the body	
Heterosexual:	of a pertaining to sexual orientation toward members of the opposite sex, relating to different sexes	

Root:	HOM
Sense:	ŞAME
Examples:	
Anomaly:	deviation from the common rule
Homeostasis:	a relatively stable state of equilibrium
Homogeneous:	of the same or a similar kind of nature; of uniform structure of composition throughout

Homonym:	one of two or more words spelled and pronounced alike but different in meaning
Homosexual:	of , relating to , or exhibiting sexual desire toward a member of one's own sex



Root:	HABIT, HIBIT
Sense:	HAVE, HOLD
Examples:	
Habitation	the act of inhabiting; occupancy
Habitual	formed or acquired by continual use; done by habit or fixed as a habit; customary
Inhibit	to hold back or keep from some action, feeling, etc.; check or repress

Root:	HYPER	
Sense:	OVER, EXCESSIVE	
Examples:		
Hyperactive:	excessively active	
Hyperbole:	purposeful exaggeration effect	
Hyperglycemia:	an abnormally high concentration of sugar in the blood	

Root:	НҮРО
Sense:	UNDER, BENEATH, LESS THAN
Examples:	

Hypochondriac:	one affected by extreme depression of mind or spirits often centered on imaginary physical ailments
Hypocritical:	affecting virtues or qualities one does not have
Hypodermic:	relating to the parts beneath the skin
Hypothesis:	assumption subject to proof

Root:	IDIO
Sense:	One's Own
Examples:	
idiom:	a language dialect, or style of speaking particular to a people
idiosyncrasy:	peculiarity of temperament; eccentricity

Root:	IM, IN, EM, EN		
Sense:	IN, INTO		
Examples:			
Embrace:	to clasp in arms ; to include or contain		
Enclose:	to close in all sides		
Implicit:	not expressly stated ; implied		
Incarnate:	given a bodily, esp. a human form		
Indigenous:	native; innate, natural		
Influx:	the act of flowing in; inflow		
Intrinsic:	belonging to a thing by its very nature		

Root:	IM, IN
Sense:	NOT, WITHOUT
Examples:	
Impartial:	not partial or biased; just
Inactive:	not active

Indigent:	deficient in what is requisite		
Indolence:	showing a disposition exertion; slothful	to	avoid
Innocuous:	not harmful or injurious		

Root:	INTER	
Sense:	BETWEEN, AMONG	
Examples:		
Interim:	a temporary or provisional arrangement; meantime	
Interloper:	one who intrudes in the domain of others	
Intermittent:	stopping or ceasing for a time	
Intersperse:		
Interstate :	connecting or jointly involving states	

Root:	ISO	
Sense:	SAME, EQUAL	
Examples:		
Isometric	of, indicating, or having equality of measure	
Isotope	any of two or more forms of an element having the same or very closely related chemical properties and the same atomic number but different atomic weights (or mass numbers)	

Root:	JECT
Sense:	TO THROW; TO THROW DOWN
Examples:	
Abject:	utterly hopeless, humiliating, or wretched
Conjecture:	formation of opinion on incomplete information
Dejected:	sad, depressed

Eject:	to throw out, expel
Inject:	to place (quality, etc.) where needed in something

Root:	JOING, JUNCT
Sense:	TO MEET; TO JOIN
Examples:	
Adjoin:	to be next to and joined with
Junction:	the act of joining; combining
Junta:	(Usually military) clique taking powers
Rejoinder:	to reply, retort
Subjugate:	to conquer

Root:	JUR
Sense:	TO SWEAR
Examples:	
Abjure :	to renounce on oath
Adjure:	to beg or command
Jurisprudence	the science or philosophy of law
Perjure	to make (oneself) guilty of perjury
Root:	JECT
Sense:	THROW
Examples:	
Projection	a projecting or being projected
Reject	to refuse to take, agree to, accede to, use, believe, etc.
Subjective	of, affected by, or produced by the mind or a particular state of mind; of or resulting from the feelings or temperament of the subject, or personal thinking; not objective; personal

LAV, LUT, LUV
TO WASH
act of cleansing

Antediluvian:	before the biblical flood, extremely old
Deluge:	a great flood of water
Dilute:	to make thinner or weaker by the addition of water
Lavatory:	a room with equipment for washing hands and face
Pollute:	to make foul or unclean

Root:	LECT, LEG
Sense:	To Select, To Choose
Examples:	
collect:	to gather together or assemble
elect:	t o choose, to decide
select:	to choose with care
ecletic:	selecting ideas, etcetera from sources
predilection:	preference, liking



Root:	LEV
Sense:	LEFT, LIGHT, RISE
Examples:	
Alleviate	to make less hard to bear; lighten or relieve (pain, suffering, etc.)
Levee:	embankment against river flooding
Levitate:	to rise in the air or cause to rise
Levity	lightness of weight; buoyancy

bearing on or pertinent to information at hand
to mitigate; to free from a burden

Root:	LOC, LOG, LOQU
Sense:	WORD, SPEECH
Examples:	
Allocate	to set apart for a specific purpose
Colloquial:	of ordinary or familiar conversation
Dialogue:	conversation, esp ,in a literary work
Elocution:	art of clear and expressing speaking
Eulogy:	speech or writing in praise of someone
Grandiloquent:	pompous or inflated in language
Locale	a place or locality
Locus	a place
Loquacious:	talkative
Prologue:	introduction to poem, play, etc.

Root:	LUC, LUM, LUS
Sense:	LIGHT
Examples:	
Illuminate:	to supply or brighten with light
Illumine	to illuminate; light up
Illustrate:	to make intelligible with examples or analogies
Illustrious:	highly distinguished
Lackluster:	lacking brilliance or radiance
Lucid:	easily understood, intelligible
Luminous:	bright, brilliant, glowing
Pellucid	transparent or translucent; clear

Translucent	orig., shining through
Translucent:	permitting light to pass through

Root:	LUD, LUS	
Sense:	TO PLAY	
Examples:	2000	
Allude:	to refer casually or indirectly	
Allusion	the act of alluding	
Delude:	to mislead the mind or judgment of , deceive	
Elude:	to avoid capture or escape defection by	
Illusion:	something that devices by producing a false impression of reality	
Interlude	a short, humorous play formerly presented between the parts of a miracle play or morality play	
Ludicrous	so absurd, ridiculous, or exaggerated as to cause or merit laughter	
Ludicrous:	ridiculous, laughable	
Prelude:	a preliminary to an action, event, etc.	

Root:	MAG, MAJ, MAX	
Sense:	BIG	
Examples:		
Magnificent	beautiful in a grand or stately way; as in construction, decoration, form, etc.	
Magnify:	to increase the apparent size of	
Magnitude:	greatness of size, extent, or dimensions.	
Maximum:	the highest amount , value, or degree attained	

Root:	MAL, MALE	
Sense:	BAD, ILL, EVIL, WRONG	
Examples:		
Maladroit:	clumsy, tactless	
Malady:	a disorder or disease of the body	
Malapropism:	humorous misuse of a word	
Malediction:	a curse	
Malfeasance:	misconduct or wrongdoing often committed by a public official	
Malfunction:	failure to function properly	
Malicious:	full of or showing malice	
Malign:	to speak harmful untruths about to slander	
Malinger	to pretend to be ill or otherwise incapacitated in order to escape duty or work; shirk	
Malodorous	having a bad odor; stinking	

Root:	MAN	
Sense:	HAND	
Examples:		
Emancipate:	to free from bondage	
Mandate:	an authoritative order or command	
Manicure	the care of the hands	
Manifest	apparent to the senses obvious; clear; plain	
Manifest:	readily perceived by the eye or the understanding	
Manual :	operated by hand	
Manufacture:	to make by hand or machinery	
Manuscript	written by hand or with a typewriter, not printed	

Root:	MIN	

Sense:	ense: To Project, To Hang Over	
Examples:		
eminent:	towering above others; projecting	
imminent:	about to occur; impending	
prominent	project outward	
preeminent:	superior to or notable above all others	
minatory:	menacing threatening	
Root:	MIN *	
Sense:	SMALL	
Examples:		
Diminish:	to lessen	
Diminution:	the act or process of diminishing	
Miniature:	a copy or model that represents something in greatly reduced size	
Minimum	the smallest quantity, number, or degree possible or permissible	
Minute:	very small	
Minutiae:	small or trivial details	

Root:	MIS, MIT	
Sense:	To Send	
Examples:		
transmit:	to send from one person, thing or place to another	
emissary:	a messenger or agent sent to represent the interests of another	
intermittent:	stopping and starting at intervals	
remit:	to send money	
remission:	a lessening of intensity or degree	



Root:	MISC	
Sense:	MIXED	
Examples:		
Miscegenation:	the interbreeding of race, esp, marriage between white and nonwhite persons	
Miscellaneous:	Miscellaneous: made up of a variety of drafts ingredients	

Root:	MON, MONIT	
Sense:	TO REMIND; TO WARN	
Examples:		
Admonish	to caution against specific faults; warn	
Admonish:	to counsel against something; caution	
Monitor	a person who advises, warns, or cautions	
Monitor:	one that admonishes, cautions, or reminds	
Monument	something set up to keep alive the memory of a person or event, as a tablet, statue, pillar, building, etc.	
Premonition:	forewarning, presentiment	
Remonstrate:	to say or plead in protest, objection, or reproof	
Summon:	to call together, convene	

Root:	MORPH
Sense:	SHAPE

Examples:	without definite form;		
Amorphous	shapeless		
Amorphous:	without definite form;		
Alliothica	lacking a specific shape		
Anthropomorphic	of, characterized by, or		
Allumop	resulting from		
	anthropomorphism		
Anthropomorphism:	attribution of human		
A1	characteristics to		
	inanimate objects,		
*	animals, or natural		
	phenomena		
Metamorphosis:	a transformation, as by		
•	magic or sorcery		

Root:	MORT
Sense:	DEATH
Examples:	
Immortal:	not subject to death
Morbid:	susceptible to preoccupation with unwholesome matters
Moribund:	dying, decaying
Mortician	funeral director
Mortify	to punish (one's body) or control (one's physical desires and passions) by self-denial, fasting, etc., as a means of religious or ascetic discipline

Root:	MUT	
Sense:	CHANGE	
Examples:		
Commute :	to substitute; exchange , interchange	
Immutable:	unchangeable, invariable	
Mutable	that can be changed	
Mutation:	the process of being changed	

Permutation:	a complete change; transformation	
Transmutation:	the act of changing from one form into another	
Transmute	to change from one form, species, condition, nature, or substance into another; transform; convert	

Root:	NAT, NAS, NAI	
Sense:	TO BE BORN	
Examples:		
Cognate:	related by blood; having a common ancestor	
Innate	existing naturally rather than acquired; that seems to have been in one from birth existing as an inherent attribute	
Nascent	coming into being; being born	
Native	inborn or innate rather than acquired, belonging to one by nature; inborn; innate, lacking worldliness and sophistication, artless	
Natural:	present due to nature, not to artificial or manmade means	
Renaissance:	rebirth, esp, referring to culture	

Root:	NIC, NOC, NOX	
Sense:	HARM	
Examples:		
Innocuous:	having no adverse effect; harmless	
Noxious:	injurious or harmful to health or morals	
Obnoxious:	highly disagreeable or offensive	

Root:	NOR	CANDO V

Sense:	RULE, ORDER	
Examples:		
Astronomy:	the scientific study of the universe beyond the earth	
Autonomy:	independence, self – governance	
Economy:	the careful or thrifty use of resources, as of income, materials, or labor	
Gastronomy:	the art or science of good eating	
Taxonomy:	the science, laws, or principles of classification	

Root:	NOM, NYM, NOUN, NOWN	
Sense:	NAME	
Examples:		
Acronym:	a word formed from the initial letters of a name	
Anonymous:	having an unknown or unacknowledged name	
Nomenclature:	a system names; systematic naming	
Nominal:	existing in name only: negligible	
Nominate:	to propose by name as a candidate	
Synonym:	a word having similar meaning similar	

Root:	NOV, NEO, NOU	
Sense:	NEW	
Examples:		
Innovation	the act or process of innovating	
Neologism:	a new coined word, phrase, or expression	
Neophyte:	a recent convert	
Nouveau rich:	one who has lately become rich	

Novice:	a person new to any field or activity	
Renovate:	to restore to an earlier condition	

Root:	OB, OC, OF, OP	
Sense:	TOWARD, TO, AGAINST, OVER	
Examples:		
Obese:	extremely fat, corpulent	
Obfuscate:	to render indistinct or dim; darken	
Oblique:	having a slanting or sloping direction	
Obsequious:	overly submissive	
Obstinate:	stubbornly adhering to an idea, inflexible	
Obstreperous:	noisily defiant, unruly	
Obstruct:	to block or fill with obstacles	
Obtuse:	not sharp, pointed, or acute in any form	



Root:	OMNI	
Sense:	ALL	
Examples:		
Omnibus	a large volume containing a collection of previously published works, as by a single author or on one theme	
Omnibus:	an anthology of the works of one author or of writings on related subjects	
Omnipotent:	all powerful	

Omnipresent:	everywhere at one time	
Omniscient	having infinite knowing all things	knowledge;
Omniscient:	having infinite knowledge	

Root:	PAC, PEAC		
Sense:	PEACE		
Examples:			
Appease:	to bring peace to		
Pacifier:	something or someone that eases the anger or agitation of		
Pacify:	to ease the anger or agitation of		
Pact:	a formal agreement, as between nations		

Root:	PAN		
Sense:	ALL, EVERYONE		
Examples:			
Panacea	a supposed remedy, cure, or medicine for all diseases or ills; cure-all		
Pandemic:	widespread, general, universal		
Panegyric:	formal or elaborate praise at an assembly		
Panoply:	a wide - ranging and impressive array or display		
Panorama:	an unobstructed and wide view of an extensive area		
Pantheon	a temple for all the gods		
Pantheon:	a public building containing tombs or memorials of the illustrious dead of a nation		

Root:	PAR	
Sense:	EQUAL	
Examples:		

Apartheid:	any system or caste that separates people according to race, etc.		
Disparage:	to belittle, speak disrespectfully about		
Disparate:	essentially different		
Par	an equality in value or standing		
Parity:	equally, as in amount, status, or character		

Root:	PARA			
Sense:	NEXT TO, BESIDE			
Examples:				
Parable:	a short, allegorical story designed to illustrate a moral lesson or religious principle			
Paragon:	a model of excellence			
Parallel:	extending in the same direction			
Paranoid:	suffering from a baseless distrust of others			
Parasite:	an organism that lives on or within a plant or animal of others species, from which it obtains nutrients			
Parody:	to imitate for purposes of satire			

Root:	PAST, PAS, PATH			
Sense:	FEELING, SUFFERING, DISEASE			
Examples:				
Compassion	sorrow for the sufferings or trouble of another or others, accompanied by an urge to help; deep sympathy; pity			
Dispassionate:	devoid of personal feeling or bias			
Empathy:	the identification with the feeling or thoughts of others			
Impassive:	showing or feeling no emotion			

Pathogenic:	causing disease
Patient	bearing or enduring pain, trouble, etc. without complaining or losing self-control
Sociopath:	a person whose behavior , is ,antisocial and who lacks a sense of moral responsibility
Sympathy:	harmony or agreement in feeling
Telepathy	Parapsychology communication between minds by some means other than the normal sensory channels; transference of thought

Root:	PAU, PO, POV, PU		
Sense:	FEW, LITTLE, POOR		
Examples:			
Impoverish:	to deplete		
Paucity:	smallness of quantity; scarcity; scantiness		
Pauper:	a person without any personal means of support		
Poverty:	the condition of being poor		
Puerile:	childish, immature		
Pusillanimous:	lacking courage or resolution		

Root:	PED		
Sense:	CHILD, EDUCATION		
Examples:			
Encyclopedia:	book or set of books containing articles on		
Pedagogue:	a teacher		
Pedant:	one who displays learning ostentatiously		
Pediatrician:	a doctor who primarily has children as patients		

Various topics	covering knowledge subject	all or	of	brand one	ches of particular
	Subject				

Root:	PED, POD			
Sense:	FOOT			
Examples:				
Antipodes:	Places diametrically opposite each other on the globe.			
Expedite:	to speed up the progress of			
Impede	to bar or hinder the progress of; obstruct or delay			
Impede:	to retard progress by means of obstacles or hindrances			
Pedal:	a foot - operated lever or part used to control			
Pedestrian	going or done on foot; walking			
Pedestrian:	a person who travels on foot			
Podium:	a small platform for an orchestra conductor, speaker, etcetera			
Tripod	a three-legged caldron, stool, table, etc.			

Root:	PEN, PUN			
Sense:	TO COMPENSATE			
Examples:				
Penal:	of or pertaining to punishment, as for crimes			
Penalty:	a punishment imposed for a violation of law or rule			
Penance:	a punishment undergone to express regret for a sin			
Penitent:	contrite			
Punitive:	serving for, concerned with, or inflicting punishment			



Root:	PEND, PENS	
Sense:	TO HANG; TO WEIGHT; TO PAY	
Examples:		
Appendage:	a limb or other subsidiary part that diverges from the central structure	
Appendix:	supplementary material at the end of a text	
Compensate:	to counterbalance, off set	
Depend :	to rely; to place trust in	
Indispensable:	absolutely necessary, essential, or requisite	
Pendulous	hanging freely or loosely; suspended so as to swing	
Stipend:	a periodic payment; fixed or regular pay	
Suspense	the state of being undecided or undetermined	

Root:	PER
Sense:	COMPLETELY
Examples:	
Perforate:	to make a way through or into something
Perfunctory:	performed merely as routine duty
Perplex:	to cause to be puzzled or bewildered over what is not understood
Persistent:	lasting or enduring tenaciously
Perspicacious:	shrewd, astute

Pertinacious:	resolute
Peruse:	to read with thoroughness or care

Root:	PERI	
Sense:	AROUND	
Examples:		
Perimeter:	the border or outer boundary of a two dimensional figure	
Peripatetic:	walking or traveling about; itinerant	
Periscope:	an optical instrument for seeing objects in an obstructed field of vision	
Root:	PET, PIT	
Sense:	TO GO; TO SEEK; TO STRIVE	
Examples:		
Appetite :	a desire for food or drink	
Centripetal:	moving toward the center	
Compete:	to strive to outdo another for acknowledgement	
Impetuous:	characterized by sudden or rash action or emotion	
Impetus	the force with which a body moves against resistance, resulting from its mass and the velocity at which it is set in motion	
Petition	a solemn, earnest supplication or request to a superior or deity or to a person or group in authority; prayer or entreaty	
Petition:	a formally drawn request soliciting some benefit	
Petulant:	showing sudden irritation, esp over some annoyance	
Repeat	to say or utter again; reiterate	

Root:	PHIL
Sense:	LOVE
Examples:	
Anglophile	a person who strongly admires of is devoted to England, its people or their customs, influence, etc.
Bibliophile:	one who loves or collects books
Philatelist:	one who loves or collects postage stamps
Philology:	the study of literacy texts to establish their authenticity and determine their meaning
Philosopher	a person who studies or is an expert in philosophy
Philosophy:	the rational investigation of the truths and principles of being knowledge, or conduct

Root:	PLACE	
Sense:	TO PLEASE	
Examples:		
Placid:	pleasantly calm or peaceful	
Placebo:	a substance with no pharmacological effect with acts to placate a patient who believes it to be a medicine	
Implacable:	unable to be pleased	
Complacent:	self - satisfied, unconcerned	
Complaisant:	inclined or disposed to please	

Root:	PLE
Sense:	TO FILL
Examples:	There is not been
Complete:	having all parts of elements
Deplete:	to decrease seriously or exhaust the supply of

Implement:	an instrument, tool, or utensil for accomplishing work
Plethora:	excess, overabundance
Replete:	abundantly supplied
Supplement:	something added to supply a deficiency

Root:	PON, POS, POUND
Sense:	TO PUT; TO PLACE
Examples:	
Component:	a constituent part, elemental ingredient
Expose:	to lay open to danger, attack, or harm
Expound:	to set forth in detail
Juxtapose:	to place close together or side by side, esp. for contract
Repository:	a receptacle or place where things are deposited

Root:	PORT
Sense:	To Carry
Examples:	
import:	to bring in from a foreign country
export:	to transmit abroad
portable:	easily carried
deportment:	conduct, behavior
disport:	to divert or amuse oneself
importune:	to urge or press with excessive persistence

Root:	POST	
Sense:	After	
Examples:		
posthumous:	after death	

posterior:	situated at the rear
posterity:	succeeding in future generations collectively
post facto:	after the fact

Root:	PRE
Sense:	Before
Examples:	
precarious:	dependent on circumstances beyond one's control
precocious:	unusually advanced or mature in mental development or talent
premonition:	a feeling of anticipation over a future event
presentiment:	foreboding
precedent:	an act that serves as an example for subsequent situations
precept:	a commandment given as a rule of action or conduct



Root:	PREHEND, PRISE
Sense:	TO TAKE; TO GET; TO SEIZE
Examples:	
Apprehend:	to take into custody
Comprise:	to include or contain
Enterprise:	a project undertaken
Reprehensible:	deserving rebuke or censure
Reprisals:	retaliation against an enemy
Surprise:	to strike with an unexpected

# feeling of wonder or astonishment

Root:	PRO
Sense:	MUCH, FOR, A LOT
Examples:	
Prodigal:	wastefully or recklessly extravagant
Prodigious:	extraordinary in size, amount, or extent
Profuse:	spending or giving freely
Prolific:	highly fruitful
Propound:	to set forth for consideration
Provident:	having or showing foresight

Root:	PROB
Sense:	TO PROVE; TO TEST
Examples:	
Approbation:	to praise , consideration
Opprobrium:	the disgrace incurred by shameful conduct
Probe:	to search or examine thoroughly
Probity:	honesty, high - mindedness
Problematic:	questionable
Reprobate:	a depraved or wicked person

Root:	QUE, QUIS
Sense:	TO SEEK
Examples:	
Acquire:	to come into possession of
Conquest:	vanquishment
Exquisite:	of special beauty or charm
Inquiry	the act of inquiring
Inquisitive	inclined to ask many questions or seek information; eager to learn

Inquisitive:	given to research, eager for knowledge
Perquisite:	a gratuity, tip
Query	a question; inquiry
Query:	a question, inquiry
Quest	a seeking; hunt; pursuit
Root:	QUI
Sense:	QUIET
Examples:	
Acquiesce:	to comply, give in
Disquiet:	lack of calm or peace
Quiescence:	the condition of being at rest, still, inactive
Quiet:	making little or no sound
Tranquil:	free from commotion or tumult

Root:	RID, RIS
Sense:	TO LAUGH
Examples:	
Deride	to laugh at in contempt or scorn; make fun of; ridicule
Derision:	the act of mockery
Riddle:	a conundrum
Ridiculous	deserving ridicule
Risible	able or inclined to laugh

Root:	ROG
Sense:	TO ASK
Examples:	
Abrogate:	to abolish by formal means
Arrogant:	making claims to superior importance of rights
Arrogate:	to claim unwarrantably or presumptuously

Derogatory:	belittling , disparaging
Interrogate	to ask questions of formally in examining
Rogation,	solemn ceremonial petitioning, specific on the Rogation Days
Surrogate:	a person appointed to act for another

Root:	REG, RIG, RECT
Sense:	STRAIGHT, RULE
Examples:	
Corrective	tending or meant to correct or improve; remedial
Dirigible	that can be directed or steered
Regulate	to control, direct, or govern according to a rule, principle, or system

Root:	RUPT
Sense:	BREAK
Examples:	
Erupt	to burst forth or out, as from some restraint
Interruption	an interrupting or being interrupted
Rupture	the act of breaking apart or bursting, or the state of being broken apart or burst; breach

Root:	SCAR, SANCT, SECR
Sense:	SACRED
Examples:	
Execrable:	abominable
Sacrament:	something regarded as possessing sacred character
Sacred:	devoted or dedicated to a deity or religious purpose

Sacrifice:	the offering of some living or inanimate thing to a deity in homage
Sacrilege:	the violation of anything sacred
Sanctify:	to make holy
Sanction:	authoritative permission or approval

Root:	SAL, SIL, SAULT, SULT
Sense:	TO LEAP, TO JUMP
Examples:	
Assault:	a sudden or violent attack
Desultory:	at random, unmethodical
Exult:	to show or feel triumphant joy
Insolent:	boldly rude or disrespectful
insult:	to treat with contemptuous rudeness
Resilient:	able to spring back to an origina form after compression
Salient:	prominent or conspicuous
Somersault:	to roll the body end over end making a complete revolution

Root:	SCI
Sense:	TO KNOW
Examples:	
Conscience:	the inner sense of what is right or wrong, impelling one toward right action
Conscious	having a feeling or knowledge
Conscious:	aware of one's existence
Nescient	lacking knowledge; ignorant
Omniscience	the state or quality of being omniscient
Omniscient:	knowing everything
Prescient:	having knowledge of things

Z Z	before they happen	
Unconscionable:	unscrupulous	



Root:	SCRIBE, SCRIP
Sense:	TO-WRITE
Examples:	
Ascribe:	to credit or assign, as to a cause or course
Circumscribe:	to draw a line around
Conscription:	draft
Describe:	to tell or depict in words
Description	the act, process, art, or technique of describing or picturing in words
Postscript:	any addition or supplement
Proscribe	in ancient Rome, to publish the name of (a person) condemned to death, banishment, etc, to condemn as harmful or odious
Scribble:	to write hastily or carelessly
Script:	handwriting .
Transcript:	a written or typed copy

Root:	SANCT
Sense:	HOLY
Examples:	
Sacrosanct	very sacred, holy, or inviolable
Sanctify	to make holy
Sanction	the act of a recognized authority confirming or ratifying an action; authorized

approval or permission

Root:	SE
Sense:	APART
Examples:	
Secede:	to withdraw formally from an association
Sedition:	incitement of discontent or rebellion against a government
Seduce:	to lead astray
Segregate:	to separate or set apart from others
Select:	to choose in preference to another
Separate:	to keep apart, divide
Sequester:	to remove or withdraw into solitude or retirement

Root:	SEC, SEQU
Sense:	TO FOLLOW
Examples:	
Consecutive	following in order, without interruption; successive
Consequence	a result of an action, process, etc.; outcome; effect
Non sequitur:	an inference or a conclusion that does not follow from the premises
Obsequious:	fawning
Prosecute:	to seek to enforce by legal process
Second :	next after the first
Sequel	something that follows; anything subsequent or succeeding; continuation
Sequence:	the following of one thing after another

Root:	SED, SESS, SID	
Sense:	TO SIT; TO BE STILL; TO PLAN; TO PLOT	
Examples:		
Assiduous:	diligent, persistent, hardworking	
Dissident:	disagreeing, as in opinion or attitude	
Insidious:	intended to entrap or beguile	
Preside:	to exercise arrangement or control	
Residence	the act or fact of residing	
Resident:	a person who lives in a place	
Residual:	remaining, leftover	
Sedate	calm, quiet, or composed; esp., serious and unemotional; staid; decorous	
Sediment:	the matter that settles to the bottom of a liquid	
Session	the sitting together or meeting of a group; assembly, as of a court, legislature, council, etc, a continuous, day-to-day series of such meetings, the term or period of such a meeting or meetings	
Subsidiary:	serving to assist or supplement	

Root:	SENSE, SENT
Sense:	TO FEEL; TO BE AWARE
Examples:	
Dissent:	to differ in opinion, esp. from the majority
Insensate:	without feeling or sensitivity
Presentiment:	a feeling that something is about to happen
Resent:	to feel or show displeasure
Sense:	any of the facilities by which humans and animals perceive stimuli originating outside the

	body
Sensory:	of or pertaining to the senses or sensation
Sentiment:	an attitude or feeling toward something
Sentinel:	a person or thing that stands watch

Root:	SOL
Sense:	TO LOOSEN; TO FREE
Examples:	
Absolution:	forgiveness for wrongdoing
Desolate	left alone; lonely; solitary
Dissolute:	indifferent to moral restraints
Dissolution:	the act or process of dissolving into parts or elements
Dissolve:	to make a solution of , as by mixing in a liquid
Resolution:	a formal expression of opinion or intention made.
Solitary	living or being alone
Solo	a musical piece or passage to be played or sung by one person, with or without accompaniment, a dance, pantomime, etc., for performance by one person
Soluble:	capable of being dissolved or liquefied

Root:	SPEC, SPIC, SPIT
Sense:	TO LOOK; TO SEE
Examples:	
Conspicuous	attracting attention by being unexpected, unusual, outstanding, or egregious; striking
Specimen	a part of a whole, or one individual of a class or group, used as a sample or example of

-	the whole, class, or group, typical part, individual, etc.
Specious:	deceptively attractive
Spectacle	something to look at, esp. some strange or remarkable sight; unusual display
Spectrum:	a broad range of related things that form a continuous series
Speculation:	the contemplation or consideration of some subject
Suspicious:	inclined to suspect

Root:	SOPH
Sense:	WISE, wisdom
Examples:	
Philosophy	orig., love of, or the search for, wisdom or knowledge
Sophisticated	not simple, artless, naive, etc.; urbane, worldly-wise, etc. or knowledgeable, perceptive, subtle, etc.



Root:	TAIN, TEN, TENT, TIN
Sense:	To Hold
Examples:	
detain:	to keep from proceeding
pertain:	to have reference or relation
tenacious:	holding fast
abstention:	the act of refraining voluntarily
tenure:	the holding or possessing of

	anything
tenable:	capable of being held, maintained, or defended
sustenance:	nourishment, means of livelihood
pertinacious:	persistent, stubborn

Root:	TENDS, TENS, TENT, TENU
Sense:	TO STRETCH; TO THIN
Examples:	
Attenuate:	to weaken or reduce in force
Contentious:	quarrelsome, disagreeable, belligerent
Distend:	to expand by stretching
Extenuating:	making less serious by offering excuses
Tendentious:	having a predisposition towards a point of view
Tension:	the act of stretching or straining
Tentative:	of the nature of, or done as a trial, attempt

Root:	THEO
Sense:	GOD
Examples:	
Atheist:	one who does not believe in a deity or divine system
Theocracy:	a form of government in which a deity is recognized as the supreme ruler
Theology:	the study of divine things and the divine faith

Root:	TRACT
Sense:	TO DRAG; TO PULL; TO DRAW
Examples:	

Abstract:	to draw or pull away, remove
Attract:	to draw either by physical force or by an appeal to emotions or senses
Contract:	a legally binding document
Detract:	to take away from, esp, a positive thing
Protract:	to prolong , draw out, extend
Tractable:	easily managed or controlled
Tractor:	a powerful vehicle used to pull farm machinery

Root:	TORS
Sense:	TWIST, PULL, DRAW, ASSIGN, PAY
Examples:	
Attract	to draw to itself or oneself; make approach or adhere
Attribute	to set down or think of as belonging to, produced by, resulting from, or originating in; assign or ascribe
Contort	to twist or wrench out of its usual form into one that is grotesque; distort violently
Protract	to draw out; lengthen in duration; prolong
Retribution	punishment for evil done or reward for good done; requital
Torsion	the process or condition of twisting or being twisted
Tortuous	full of twists, turns, curves, or windings; winding; crooked
Traction	a) a pulling or drawing, esp. of a load, vehicle, etc. over a road, track, or other surface b) the state of being pulled or drawn c) the kind of power used for pulling of drawing

Tribute	<ul> <li>a) a regular payment of money,</li> <li>etc., made by one ruler or nation</li> </ul>
9	to another as acknowledgment of subjugation, for protection from invasion, etc. b) a tax levied for
	this

Root:	TRING, STRICT
Sense:	BIND
Examples:	
Astringent	that contracts body tissue and checks secretions, capillary bleeding, etc.; styptic
Restrict	to keep within certain limits; put certain limitations on; confine
Stricture	sharp adverse criticism; censure

Root:	TRU, STRUCT
Sense:	BUILD
Examples:	
Construe	to analyze usually, a sentence, clause, etc.) so as to show its syntactic construction and its meaning
Destructive	tending or likely to cause destruction
Structure	manner of building, constructing, or organizing

Root:	TRANS	
Sense:	ACROSS	
Examples:		
Intransigent:	resulting or compromise	
Transaction:	the act of carrying on or conduct to a conclusion or settlement	
Transcendent:	going beyond ordinary limits	
Transgress:	to violate a law, command, or moral code	

Transition:	a change from one way of being to another	
Transparent:	easily seen through, recognized, or detected	

Root:	UM, SUMPT		
Sense:	TAKE		
Examples:			
Assumption	a supposed bodily ascent into heaven		
Consumer	a person or thing that consumes; specific., a person who buys goods or services for personal needs and not for resale or to use in the production of other goods for resale: opposed to PRODUCER		
Presume	to take upon oneself without permission or authority		

Root:	US, UT	
Sense:	TO USE	
Examples:		
Abuse:	to use wrongly or improperly	
Usage:	a customary way of doing something	
Usurp:	to seize and hold	
Utilitarian:	efficient, functional, useful	

Root:	VEN, VENT
Sense:	TO COME OR TO MOVE TOWARD
Examples:	
Adventitious:	accidental
Convene:	to assemble for some public purpose
Intervene:	to come between disputing

	factions, n	nedia	te	
Venturesome:	showing	а	disposition	to
	undertake	risks		



Root:	VER		
Sense:	TRUTH		
Examples:			
Adventitious:	accidental		
Aver	to declare to be true; state positively; affirm		
Contravene:	to come into conflict with		
Intervene:	to overcome between disputing factions, mediate		
Veracious:	showing a disposition to undertake risks		
Veracity	habitual truthfulness; honesty		
Verdict:	any judgment or decision		
Verity	conformity to truth or fact; truth; reality		

Root:	VERD	
Sense:	GREEN	
Examples:		
Verdant:	green with vegetation; inexperienced	
Verdure:	fresh, rich vegetation	
Root:	VERS, VERT	
Sense:	TO TURN	
Examples:		

Aversion:	dislike		
Avert:	to turn away from		
Controversy:	a public involving a matter of opinion		
Covert:	hidden, clandestine		
Diverse:	of a different kind, form, character		
Extrovert:	an outgoing person		
Inadvertent:	unintentional		
Introvert:	a person concerned primarily with inner thoughts and feelings		
Revert:	to return to a former habit		

Root:	VI	
Sense:	LIFE	
Examples:		
Convivial:	sociable	
Joie de vivre:	joy of life (French expression)	
Viable:	capable of living	
Vicarious:	performed, exercised, received, or suffered in place of another	
Vivacity:	the quality of being lively animated, spirited	
Vivid:	strikingly bright or intense	

Root:	VID, VIS	
Sense:	TO SEE	
Examples:		
Adviser:	one who gives counsel	
Evidence	[Archaic] the condition of being evident	
Evident:	plain or clear to the sight or understanding	
Revise	to read over carefully and correct, improve, or update where necessary	

Video:	the elements of television pertaining to the transmission or reception of the image
Vision	the act or power of seeing with the eye; sense of sight
Vista:	a view or prospect

Root:	VIL
Sense:	BASE, MEAN
Examples:	
Revile:	to criticize with harsh language
Vile:	loathsome, unpleasant
Vilify:	to slander, to defame

Root:	VOC, VOK
Sense:	TO CALL
Examples:	
Advocate:	to support or urge by argument
Avocation:	something one does in addition to a principle occupation
Convoke:	to call together
Equivocate:	to use ambiguous or unclear expressions
Invoke:	to call on a deity
Vocabulary:	the stock of words used by or known to a particular person or group
Vocation:	a particular occupation
Vociferous:	crying out noisily
Root:	VOL
Sense:	TO WISH
Examples:	
Benevolent:	characterized by or expressing goodwill
Malevolent:	characterized by or expressing bad will

Volition:	free choice, free will; act of choosing
Voluntary:	undertaken of one's own accord or by free choice

Root:	VOR
Sense:	TO EAT
Examples:	
Carnivorous:	meat - eating
Omnivorous:	eating or absorbing everything
Voracious:	having a great appetite

Root:	VOLY, VOLUT
Sense:	ROLL, TURN
Examples:	
Convoluted	having convolutions, as in the kidney's tubules; coiled; spiraled
Involve	orig., to enfold or envelop as in a wrapping
Revolution	rotation

Root:	ZO
Sense:	ANIMAL
Examples:	
Paleozoic	designating or of the geologic era characterized by the development of the first fishes, amphibians, reptiles, and land plants
Zoologist	a student of or specialist in zoology

Root:	VOE, VOK
Sense:	CALL
Examples:	
Provocative	provoking or tending to provoke, as to action, thought, feeling, etc.;

-	stimulating, erotic, irritating, etc.
Revoke	to withdraw, repeal, rescind, cancel, or annul (a law, permit, etc.)
Vociferous	loud, noisy, or vehement in making one's feelings known; clamorous

Root:	VIV, VIT
Sense:	LIFE
Examples:	
Revive	to come or bring back to life or consciousness; resuscitate
Vital	of, concerned with, or manifesting life
Vivid	full of life; vigorous; lively;